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Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

MONDAY, Auguſt 12, 1771.

WILLIAMSBURG, in VIRGINIA, June 18.

Extract from the Journal of the Honourable the House *of* Burgeſſes.

FRIDAY, *July* 12.

Reſolved, Nemine Contradicente, That the thanks of this Houſe be given to the Reverend Mr. *Henley*, the Reverend Mr. *Gwatkin*, the Reverend Mr. *Hewitt*, and the Reverend Mr. *Bland*, for the wiſe and well timed oppoſition they have made to the pernicious project of a few miſtaken Clergymen, for introducing an American Biſhop; a meaſure by which much diſturbance, great anxiety, and apprehenſion, would certainly take place among his Majeſty's faithful American ſubjects; and that Mr. Richard Henry Lee and Mr. Bland, do acquaint them therewith.

NEW-YORK, *Auguſt* 1, 1771.

We hear the lateſt Advices from France are, That the Parliament of the Province of Brittany, being greatly diſſatisfied at the Meaſures of the French Court, particularly that the Duke of Aiguillon, who for many attrocious Crimes proved againſt him, had been legally condemned to loſe his Head, was not only ſcreened from Puniſhment but favored by the King, and ſuppoſed to be the ſecret director of his Councils; and that the King perſiſted in refuſing to permit the ſentence to be executed; whereforé the Parliament had paſſed and publiſhed an order, that all their Members, (eſpecially the Rohan Family, and the Nobility, of which the Prince Soubize, a great Favourite of the King, was the Chief) ſhould immediately leave their Employments at Court, and return home, under penalty of the Forfeiture of their Eſtates. That in order to counteract theſe Proceedings, the King had ſent a new Governor, properly inſtructed to Runnes, the Capital of the Province—That the Inhabitants refuſed to acknowledge or admit him;—that the King to enforce Obedience, had ſent an Army of 30,000 Men—That the Army were refuſed Admittance into the City, and oppoſed by the Inhabitants—who in the Heat of their Reſentment, fired upon the Army and killed about 200 Men, notwithſtanding which, the Soldiers, convinced that the Cauſe they were ſent to ſupport was unjuſt,—declared their Readineſs to fight againſt the Enemies of their Country, but unanimouſly refuſed to fire upon their Friends and Countrymen, and immediately diſbanded. The Confirmation of this News is impatiently expected.

We hear that one Hopkins,* a Colonel in the French Service, has lately been promoted to the Rank of a Brigadier General, and has obtained the Government of the Cayes, on the Southern Part of Hiſpaniola, in the Room of the Chevalier d' Argouſſe, who is gone to Europe.

* *He is a Native of Maryland, well known in this City, and formerly was of the Queen's Rangers in America, ſoon after which he went into the French Service, where he has continued ever ſince.*

Tueſday the Brig Ann, Capt. Nathaniel Lawrence, ſailed for London. On Wedneſday next, the Duke of Cumberland Packet. Capt. Marſhal, is to ſail with the Mail for Falmouth.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Fairfield in Connecticut, dated July 30.

LAST Sabbath in the Forenoon between Eleven and Twelve o'Clock, during the Time of public Worſhip, the Meeting-Houſe at Stratfield, a Pariſh in the Town of Fairfield, was ſtruck by Lightning, by which John Burr, Eſq; and Mr. David Sherman, were inſtantaneouſly killed, and ſeveral other Perſons conſiderably wounded.

The Particulars are as follow,

The Steeple being raiſed laſt Fall in Addition to the Meeting-Houſe, the Spire remained unfiniſhed, ſo that the Courſe of the Lightning upon the Rafters of the Spire is very viſible.—It ſeems firſt to have ſtruck the great Ball at the Head of the Rafters, which it ſplit into three Parts, and drove to a conſiderable Diſtance, then it entered the Head of every Rafter, and forced them from the Spire, ſhivering ſeveral of them almoſt as fine as a Broom; thence it entered the eight Square at the Foot of the Spire, the Joiners Work of which being finiſhed, was rent entirely off on the North and South Sides; then it took the main Square of the Steeple, and run down the four Corner Poſts, ripping off a moſt the whole Sides of the Shingling. After it came within four Feet of the Bottom of the Poſts, which ſtood near the main Body of the Houſe, it entered the Houſe, and directly oppoſite to the Foot of the Poſts were the Pews of the Two Gentlemen, that were killed—Capt. Burr was ſtanding up, leaning upon the Rail of the Pew with his Elbow, his Body about eighteen Inches from the Poſt, and in all Probability, the Lightning paſſed through his Body, and went out into the Rail of the Pew, as a large Piece was taken out, where his Elbow reſted—thence it paſſed by a Perſon, who ſtood a little out of a direct Line, and took his Brother Mr. Ozias Burr, ran down his Side, and tore off one of his Shoes; his Leg remains very uſeleſs—thence it paſſed through the Pew Door, on to the Floor in the Alley, tore it up for ſome way and then ſeems to have paſſed into the Ground,——The other Gentleman, was much in the ſame Situation Capt. Burr was, in the Pew upon the oppoſite Side of the Door. ——There was no Appearance of the Progreſs of the Lightning after it killed him, tho' ſeveral Perſons were ſtunned by it in that and the next Pews, as were they in many Parts of the Meeting-Houſe.

The Effects of the Lightning and the Havock it has made with the Steeple, is beyond Expreſſion, and you can ſcarce have an Idea of it unleſs you ſaw it.

There was a large Concourſe of People attended the Funeral Yeſterday, when Mr. Hobart preached an excellent Sermon, well adapted to ſuch a melancholy Occaſion.

North-Haven, July 29. *Yeſterday about half an hour after one o'clock there aroſe out of the ſouth-weſt a very thick and heavy cloud, from which terrible flaſhes of lightening with heavy thunder iſſued with unuſual frequency; eſpecially about 40 minutes after one there were three terrible ſtreams of lightening, with heavy thunder, almoſt one upon the back of the other; the laſt, which was by far the moſt awful, was a ſtream from the north weſt to the ſouth eaſt, which paſſed the vane of the meeting-houſe, (perhaps at about 20 or 30 feet diſtance, yet ſo near as to drive it round the ſpindle ſeveral times with great velocity) and pitched into a tree a few feet from the ground, at about 24 rods diſtance. Juſt by this tree ſtood a ſabbath day-houſe, the neareſt corner of which was not more than five feet from the tree. This houſe belonged to Capt. Joſeph Pierpont, who with a number of his brethren and their children were preſent. Five perſons who all ſat upon one bench in the houſe, viz. Mrs. Lydia, the wife of Capt. Pierpont, Mr. Abel Brocket, and his wife, Mr. Giles Pierpont, and his wife, were all ſtruck with the lightning. Mr. Brocket had ſeveral ſmall holes burnt in his ſhirt, about his loins, and was conſiderably burnt himſelf, tho' leſs hurt than any of the others. Mr. Pierpont was ſtruck on one ſide, the lightning ran down upon the under ſide of his thigh, and leg, ſing'd off the hair, and burnt the fleſh ſo that it appeared as red as tho' it had been ſcalded. * The women were all much more hurt than the men. They were all raiſed up from their ſeats by the force of the lightning, and then fell altogether upon the ſeat, except Mr. Pierpont, who was fixed to his ſeat, and could not move without help. They were in great diſtreſs for breath, and their blood ſeemed to be ſtagnated to a very great degree; and it appeared by bleeding, that there was a very conſiderable ſeparation between the ſerous and globular parts of the blood. They ſhewed ſigns of great diſtreſs at firſt, complained as ſoon as capable of manifeſting their diſtreſs, that they felt as if they were in the fire. The moſt of them are now comfortable, and it is hoped that they will all ſoon recover.—Mr. Giles Pierpont had two children with him, either in the arms of their parents, or in the arms of ſome of their friends on the ſame ſeat who received no ſenſible harm. The houſe was full of people, but none but thoſe mentioned, who all ſat on one ſeat, received any hurt.*

Round the tree ſtruck with lightning there were three horſes and a colt, which were all killed inſtantly upon the ſpot. There were no ſigns that the lightning ever ſo much as touched any part of the ſabbath-day-houſe, altho' the people in it were ſo much hurt.

* *The women were ſo burned that bliſters aroſe upon their fleſh, which were of a bright vivid colour, like the fleſh of Mr. Pierpont, as above related.*

On Friday laſt the Steeple of the South Meeting-Houſe in Hartford, Connecticut, was ſtruck with the Lightning, and greatly damaged.

We have diſagreeable Accounts from the Country of great Damage done to the Grain, &c. by the late Rains.

SALEM, *Auguſt* 6.

The Beginning of laſt Week a Fiſhing Schooner arrived at Marblehead, having on board 4 Men and 2 Lads, who gave an Account, that about a Week or Fortnight before they got in, one Saturday Evening, after the Crew had made a Supper of Pork and boiled Dumplins, their Skipper, Mr. ——, and one Ruſſell, died very ſuddenly, the former immediately after Supper, and the latter the next Morning. Although the Men and Lads agreed in the Circumſtances relative to theſe Deaths, yet the Magiſtracy tho't proper to make a legal, particular Enquiry into the Affair, which was done laſt Saturday, when it appeared, that Ruſſell, after the Men had finiſhed their Supper, challenged the Skipper, or any other, to drink Bumpers of Rum with him; which being accepted, a Pint Mug was filled, and Ruſſell drank it off, and the Skipper then drank the ſame Quantity: Ruſſell repeated the fatal Draught, which compleated a Quart; but before the Skipper had Time to drink his ſecond Draught, he fell, and immediately expired. His Champion dropt very ſoon after, continued in a lethargic State till the next Morning and then died. The 4 Men and 2 Lads agreed to conceal the unhappy Cauſe of theſe Deaths; which they did till examined by Authority.

We hear from Yarmouth (part of Cape Sables) that on the Night of the 17th ult. a large Store belonging to Mr. John Barnard, late of this Town, was accidentally caught on Fire by an Indian, and conſumed.

Two Barns, one at Chebacco and the other at Andover, were, we hear, laſt Week, ſet on Fire by Lightning, and conſumed, together with a conſiderable Quantity of Hay.

Province of the MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

ON the Petition of the Committee of the Inhabitants of the Diſtrict of Shelburn, in the County of Hampſhire, praying that a Tax of One Penny per Acre by the Year, may be laid on all the unimproved Lands lying within ſaid Diſtrict, and that the ſame may be continued for the Space of four Years, ſo that each Acre of unimproved Lands may pay four Pence in the whole, for the Purpoſe of erecting a Meeting-Houſe, and ſettling a Miniſter within ſaid Diſtrict, &c.

In the Houſe of Repreſentatives, June 29, 1771.

ON the Petition of John Wells, and others, Read and *Reſolved*, That the Petitioners notify the Non-Reſident Proprietors of the Diſtrict of Shelburn, by inſerting the Subſtance of ſaid Petition in two of the Boſton News Papers, viz in the Boſton-Gazettee, printed on Mondays, and in the Maſſachuſetts-Gazette, printed on Thurſdays, three Weeks ſucceſſively, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they have, on the ſecond Tueſday of the next Sitting of the General Court, why the Prayer of the Petition ſhould not be granted. Sent up for Concurrence.

T. CUSHING, Speaker.

In Council, July 1, 1771. Read and concur'd.

John Cotton, D. Secretary.

A true Copy Teſt. THOS. FLUCKER, Sec'y.

Province of *Maſſachuſetts-Bay*.

To the Honorable WILLIAM BRATTLE, Eſq; one of His Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace throughout the Province aforeſaid.

WE the Subſcribers, Proprietors of a Townſhip granted by the Great and General Court of the Province aforeſaid, *April* 22, 1771, to William Bullock and others, in Conſideration of a Townſhip formerly granted by ſaid Court to Capt. Samuel Gallop and others, which was loſt by running the Line between this Province and the Province of *New-Hampſhire*; therefore pray your Honor would be pleaſed to grant and iſſue out your Warrant directed to one of ſaid Proprietors, requiring him to notify and warn ſaid original Proprietors to aſſemble and meet at the Dwelling-Houſe of Col. Valentine Wheeler, Innholder in Rehoboth in the County of *Briſtol*, &c. on Thurſday the Nineteenth Day of *September* next, at Nine o'clock in the Forenoon on ſaid Day, to act on the following Articles, viz. 1, To chooſe a Moderator. 2dly, To chooſe a Clerk. 3dly, To chooſe a Treaſurer and Collector. 4thly, To chooſe a Committee to examine into the Charges and Expences in purſuing Methods to obtain ſaid Grant. 5thly, To chooſe a Committee to lot ſaid Townſhip, and likewiſe to agree with thoſe Perſons that are on ſaid Townſhip, agreeable to Inſtructions they may receive of ſaid Proprietors. 6thly, To chooſe a Committee to manage the Prudentials of ſaid Townſhip. 7thly, To determine upon a Method for calling Meetings of ſaid Proprietors for the furture, as they ſhall judge moſt convenient. 8thly, To grant and raiſe ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhall be thought neceſſary to defrey thoſe Charges that have ariſen in purſuing proper Methods to obtain ſaid Grant, and may further ariſe in lotting ſaid Townſhip; and likewiſe to act on any other Affairs, if neceſſary to be acted on for the Advantage of ſaid Proprietors, at ſaid Meeting: And your Honor's Compliance will greatly oblige your very humble Servants,

William Bullock,
Valentine Wheeler,
Daniel Barney,
Thomas Allyn,
Daniel Carpenter,
Aaron Walker,
Aſabel Carpenter.

Rehoboth, July 27, 1771.

SEAL.

Province of *Maſſachuſetts-Bay*.

To Mr. DANIEL CARPENTER, one of the Proprietors and Petitioners above-mentioned.

Greeting.

IN His Majeſty's Name you are hereby required to Notify and warn (in Time and Manner as the Law directs) the Proprietors of the Townſhip ſet forth in the foregoing Petition. Given under my Hand and Seal this thirtieth Day of July, Anno Domini 1771, and in the Eleventh Year of His Majeſty's Reign.

WM. BRATTLE, Juſtice of the Peace throughout ſaid Province.

IN Purſuance of the foregoing Warrant, the Proprietors of the Townſhip therein mentioned, are hereby notified and warned to meet at the Time and Place for the Purpoſe ſet forth in the foregoing Petition.

July 30. 1771. DANIEL CARPENTER.

TO BE SOLD BY

JOSEPH HALL,

In Cole-Lane, oppoſite Mr. *Winſlow*'s Diſtill Houſe, By Wholeſale or Retail.

New-England and Weſt-India

RUM, old Jamaica Spirits, Brandy, Wine, Cinnamon, Clove, Anniſeed & Snake Root Waters, Lemons by the Box or Hundred, & all Kinds of Groceries at the loweſt Rates.

& vid page 3. Vol. 2.—page 22. Vol. 2.—pa. 403, Vol. 3.

Saturday last Captain Rotch arrived here in about 9 Weeks from Ireland; by whom we have the following Advices.

LONDON,

June 8. The laſt letters from Gibraltar inſinuate that a camp was forming in the nighbourhood of LaRoche, and that one Maldivi, a French engineer, in the Spaniſh ſervice, had declared that Gibraltar was not impenetrable.

We hear that commodore Byron has carried-out with him freſh inſtructions, to keep the French within their boundaries, for carrying on the cod-fiſhery at Newfoundland, as every ſeaſon ſince the concluſion of the late war, they have given great trouble to the governors & captains of the men of war ſtationed there.

We have been favoured with the following authentic intelligence from Paris:—Paris now repreſents a ſcene of the utmoſt deſolation; the Baſtile being crammed full of unfortunate people, and the exceſſive heat of the weather, has cauſed the goal-diſtemper to rage to ſuch a ſhocking degree, that 50 or 60 priſoners die in a day. This diſtemper is of ſo contagious a nature, that it has communicated itſelf into different parts of the city, which cauſes the poorer ſort of the people to die like ſheep. The king is deaf to all this diſtreſs which he has occaſioned, indulging himſelf with the company of Madam Barre, going a hunting, &c. But it is the opinion of every thinking man there, that a ſpeedy *revolution* cannot fail to take place, as it is daily expected to hear of the King's aſſaſſination; hardly any of the nobility now go to court, and none of the princes of the blood.

The laſt advices from Paris ſay, that the French King is afraid to enter the city. He ſpends his time entirely between Verſeilles and Marli, and permits his Chancellor to perform all public buſineſs. Not a night paſſes, but treaſonable papers are found poſted up in the public ſquares. One of them concluded with theſe words—"*Oh! for another Maveillac!*" ♀

The ſalary of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, it is ſaid, is to be increaſed from 16 to £.20000 per Ann.

On Saturday died at Bath, of an apoplectic fit, the Rt. Hon. James Stanley Smith, Lord Stanly, commonly called Lord Strange, eldeſt ſon of the earl of Derby.

Yeſterday died at Buſhy Park, George Montagu Dunk, Earl of Halifax, Viſcount Sunbury, Secretary of State for the North Department, Manager and Warden of Salſey Foreſt and Buſhy Park, Lord Lieutenant & Cuſtos Rotulorum of Northamptonſhire, and Governor of the Charter Houſe, and ranked as Lieut. Gen. of the army.

In conſequence of the above event, ſeveral important changes will immediately take place. Lord Suffolk will certainly ſucceed to the buſineſs of the Northern department, as the Duke of Grafton will to the Privy Seal.—Lord Weymouth declines every offer.—The Law changes are not ſettled.

June 10. His Majeſty was very near being killed at the foot of Weſtminſter-bridge, on his return from the review on Thurſday, by one of his footmen, who rode foremoſt, ſtiking a horſe in a coach that ſtood in the way on the head, which made the beaſt ſtart back with the carriage, by which means it broke thro' the pannels of his Majeſty's chaiſe, and very much frightened him, tho' he eſcaped unhurt.

James Irwin, Eſq; is appointed Naval Officer at Jamaica.

John Pownall, Eſq; is appointed Provoſt Marſhal General of the Leward Iſlands.

On Sunday night, at twelve, died, at his houſe in Tenderden-ſtreet, Hanover-ſquare, the Hon. Dr. Richard Trevor, Biſhop of Durham, Cuſtos Rotulorum of the principality of Durham, and brother to Lord Trevor.—His Lordſhip was conſecrated Biſhop of St. David's in 1744, and tranſlated to See of Durham in 1752.

It is reported, that the Spaniards have taken another Iſland in the South-Seas.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, June 4.

"Letters from Vienna, by the laſt poſt, confirm the account of the arrival there of the reſolution of the court of Peterſburg, and add, that in conſequence of the plan which the Empreſs of Ruſſia has formed, in conſenting that her troops ſhould not paſs the Danube, Gen. Count de Romanzow will remain with the grand army of that Sovereign, conſiſting of 200,000 men, on this ſide the ſaid river, the better to convince the Ottomans in caſe they ſhould come to attack him. And in the mean time General Prince Dolgorucki at the head of 50,000 men, will endeavour to get poſſeſſion of Crim Tartary.

"Count A——ri, a Piedmonteſe nobleman, againſt whom Lord Ligonier has commenced a ſuit in England, is now at the Hague, where he reſides incog."

Count A. who is proſecuted by Lord L. for crim con. with Lady L. has let judgment go by default, and a Writ of Inquiry for damages will be executed in a few days.

June 12. The French are continually tranſporting new ſettlers to Corſica, and bringing away the natives.

The French are buſy in erecting additional Fortifications at Hanfleuc, and Havre De Grace.

We are aſſured by a Gentleman from Paris, that the Court are ſo apprehenſive of a Riot, that an edict has been publiſhed, by which the people are forbidden, under pain of ſevere puniſhment, to be ſeen talking, to the number of half a dozen, at a time, in the ſtreet.

Two diſguiſed Jeſuits were lately apprehended at Madrid, in whoſe garments were found quilted, Diamonds to immenſe value.

The loſs by the late inundation at Riga, amounts to above 2,000,000 Rubles, beſides above 300 perſons drowned.

Lord Suffolk is talked of for Secretary of State in Lord Halifax's room; and Lord Shelburne, or Lord Weymouth, Privy Seal, in the room of the Earl of Suffolk.

Some confidently aſſert, that as ſoon as the ſum of 40,000l. (of which the Chevalier D'Eon is to have a fourth) is underwritten, the myſterious matter of his abſence is to be diſcloſed.

PHILADELPHIA, Auguſt 1.

Extract of a Letter from London, June 5, 1772.

"I ſaw Dr. Franklin To-day. He is juſt returned from a little Excurſion into the Country, and is in perfect Health. I hope the Time is approaching, when our Miniſtry will have both Inclination and Leiſure to call for and liſten to his advice. No Man hath more ſtudied and more fully comprehends, the true Intereſts of both Countries, and has more enlarged Views of human Nature, and the general Intereſts of Mankind, than he has; no Man deſerves better of Society; and, of Courſe, no Man is fitter to be conſulted upon the great Objects now in Contemplation, and upon the Ground of Diſputes, which ſtill remains to be adjuſted between us."

Extract of a Letter from Fort Chartres.

"One WOOD, a Soldier in the Royal Regiment of Ireland, was taken priſoner by a party of Pottawottamy Indians, after a moſt gallant reſiſtance: The poor Lad was amuſing himſelf with his gun a little way from the fort; a Savage came up to him with an intention to take or tomahawk him, but the Soldier killed him with the load of ſhot he had in his gun; then a number, of about 20, leaped out of the buſhes to ſurround him; he then took to his heels, and loaded with ball as he ran. The Indians, finding he out-ran them, fired a volley after him, and wounded him; he took to a tree, & when they ſurrounded him, he ſhot another, but was over powered and led away in triumph, poor fellow, I ſuppoſe, for a deliberate torture: However, the Savages acknowledged to the French, on the oppoſite ſide of the river, that they bought his life very dearly."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in North-Carolina to his correſpondent in this city, dated July 3. 1771.

"I wrote you ſome time paſt by Capt. Dyer, and mentioned your friend being in confinement at Hillſborough, to have his tryal at the Court of Oyer and Terminer, held there, (to which place, being 30 miles diſtant from his home he was dragged; his deſk broke open, and papers all taken out) but upon enquiry it was found there would not be ſufficient cauſe to indite him. His Excellency did not think proper to diſcharge him, nor admit him to paſs an examination (the court being then open) or give bail for his appearance at any future one, but ordered him down to Wilmington in cuſtody of the detachment that was returning home, and yeſterday he gave ſecurity for his appearance to the next Superior Court, and ſet out for his family at Croſs Creeks.

"Never was there a poor man ſo tyrannically treated: the accuſation, or ſuſpicion, was founded on the moſt trifling circumſtances: The affidavit againſt him, in the opinion of almoſt every perſon that has heard it, is falſe. Yet ſuch has been the effects of malice, or deſpotiſm, that the Inquiſition itſelf could ſcarcely perſecute a man with more ſeverity. During his confinement (under guard in irons) at Hillſborough, there were ſix men hanged, and ſix more condemned, who were reprieved under the gallows: He was paraded under guard to the gallows, and from there back again, like the criminals, only not tied: He was three weeks kept in confinement and harraſſed in this manner, notwithſtanding indiſputable ſecurity was offered for him, and then hurried down 200 miles more to Wilmington, to be delivered to a magiſtrate, and none elſe allowed to take his recognizance."

Extract of a letter from a perſon in Carolina to his friend in Pennſylvania, dated May 17, 1771.

"I AM ſorry I have to inform you that our country and the Governor have come to an open war. The juſtneſs of the cauſe on the ſide of the country, during a conteſt for a year or two paſt, has gained them ſuch a majority of the inhabitants all over this province, that it was in vain the Governor and Officers tried to raiſe the militia before the laſt ſitting of our Aſſembly, when a law paſſed under the title of a Riot Act, whereby they ſay the Governor is inveſted with as arbitrary power as the King of France. However that may be, it is fact, he has collected out of the meaner ſort, an army of 1500 or 2000 men, by way of inliſting for bounty money and high wages; and promiſes of an equal ſhare of plunder. With which army he is paſſing through the country, deſtroying houſes, fields of wheat, corn and orchards, and taking from the inhabitants all manner of proviſions. This uſage (unheard of in America before) ſuddenly raiſed the country, who firſt ſurrounded a party of about 4 or 500, commanded by Col. Waddle and prevailed on him to retreat, convincing him and his Officers, that there was no occaſion for ſuch hoſtile proceedings. And a few days after met the Governor, hoping to prevail with him in the ſame manner. But he ſoon fired on them in a treacherous manner with cannon and ſmall arms, in leſs than 15 minutes after they had his promiſe of an hour to conſider of his terms. (1) The country who had not the leaſt order or diſcipline, for every man had ran together, as it were, to quench devouring flames, the moſt part without arms or ammunition, fled at the firſt fire. About 300 ſtood and returned the fire for three quarters of an hour, in which time, the Governor ſtruck his colours twice, hoiſted a white flag, and beat a parley; but the country, being quite ignorant of any ſignals or terms of war, kept a conſtant firing, as long as their ammunition laſted, and then left the ground. There was ſeven killed on the ſpot, and two fell after running ſome diſtance: Eight more are ſince dead of their wounds, and two or three not yet out of danger. The number of ſlain on the Governor's ſide is uncertain, as he keeps it, as much as poſſible a ſecret; but by the beſt accounts, it amounted to 57 on the ſpot, with a proportionable number of wounded. (1) The Governor took 20 or 30 priſoners, one of whom he hanged the next day. The ſlain on the ſide of the country lay unburied, except two, who were ſtolen away by their families. The Governor makes all the advantage he can of this affair, and it is ſuppoſed, aims to have all their lands forfeited. (2) The conſequence of this affair is yet unknown; numbers are coming in & ſubmitting to certain terms, &c. Others are ſtanding out and collecting in bodies; and it is thought that moſt of the inhabitants will leave this province, before they will live under the intolerable oppreſſion and ſlavery, that naturally muſt attend a conqueſt made by men of ſuch principles.

"There never was any people abuſed by authority more than this country has been, which would be too tedious to relate in a letter, but in a very ſhort way. The main ſubſtance of the difference was in the Sheriffs (3) in moſt of the counties not having ſettled their accompts for 8 or 10 years paſt; nor the Treaſurers having ſettled accompts with the Public for upwards of 20 years paſt: So that by computation, they were on the whole 80 or 100 000 pounds behind. The honeſt Party in the adminiſtration appeared to the country to be too weak to bring theſe overgrown members to an account; therefore to ſtrengthen their hands great part of the country ſtopped payment of any taxes, but what were agreeable to law, and this of conſequence could not be known, until theſe public accounts were ſettled. Next to this, the Officers had extorted unlawful fees in an unreaſonable manner; and when the county proſecuted them, could get no redreſs or any kind of fair tryal; but, contrarily, the proſecutors were like to be ruined by ſuits commenced againſt them by Officers for damages, ſcandal, &c. and by the means of packed juries, compoſed of the Officers themſelves, who were indicted, and liable to indictments, ſo that a general Court Writ againſt ever ſo innocent a man, became as dangerous and dreadful as a piſtol clapt to his breaſt by a robber; for nothing would ſatisfy but the ſurrender of all you poſſeſſed; this cauſed riots, tumults, &c. In the aſſembly it was propoſed to ſend a committee of enquiry into the counties where theſe tumults happened, but it was ſtrenuouſly oppoſed by the court party, and put aſide: But in a private conference amongſt the members, Mr. Knox and Mr. Lewis were appointed, and they rode up to the next General Court to be held in Rowan county for the diſtrict of Salisbury, when the whole body of Officers of that diſtrict, (conſcious of their guilt) and convinced of the upright and good intentions of the country, came to an amicable and firm agreement, under hand and ſeal, to refund all they had extorted and taken contrary to law, which was to be divided by arbitrators, unanimouſly choſen by either ſide; both officers and people were heartily ſincere in this agreement; but the Governor and Officers, in the five other diſtricts of the province, reſented it in the higheſt degree, and immediately entered into an aſſociation to prevent its taking place, by riſhing up into the ſettlements of the inſurgents, as they call them, with an armed force, and reſtoring peace on conſtitutional principles, as the Governor termed it in a letter to Col. Trohawk, wherein he told him, he ſhould anſwer for entering into that agreement at the tribunal of his country. It is matter of faſt, that the Officers of this diſtrict inclined to comply, and make the country reſtitution, above a year before this, but were deterred by the Officers of the other five diſtricts; no doubt but from a fear they muſt come to do the ſame juſtice.

"Huſbands, who was a principal man in proſecuting every lawful method for juſtice and redreſs, has been accuſed as principal in acts of riots, &c. he has been made a priſoner, and ſtood trials three times on that account, and cleared each time by proclamation. The court party, deſpairing of finding him guilty in the ordinary courſe of proceedings, and according to the Engliſh laws, makes a particular law for that purpoſe, to continue one year; by which law, without any precept or his knowledge and unheard, finds a bill againſt him for a riot, aſſault, &c. for which they came with the aforeſaid army, and deſtroyed his houſe, plantation and goods; from which, I ſuppoſe, it is to be granted now, that he is guilty in the eye of that particular law, though he is really clear, and quite innocent of the charge. (5) Many others, as well as he, have ſhared the ſame fate; ſome were 40 miles diſtant from the place at the time the crimes laid to their charge were committed." * vid. pa. 543. — 595 527. 595

If the foregoing Letter contains the Truth of Facts, what a Pity it is that Benevolus in his Harrangue in the Maſſachuſetts Gazette laſt Thurſday, has been ſo impoſitic as to couple Tryon and H——ſon——or rather that his glorious Triumvirate ſhould conſiſt of Bernard H——n and Tryon.

By Accounts from North-Carolina we are informed, that Capt. Benjamin Merril, who was lately executed for high Treaſon in oppoſing the Career of Governor Tryon, *died in the moſt heroick Manner, his Children being around him and animating him at the Place of Execution—He declared that he died in Peace with his Maker, and in the Cauſe of his oppreſs'd Countrymen; and that he would not exchange Conditions with even the Governor himſelf.* (7) vid pa. 572. 595.

Governor Tryon has been addreſſed in New-York, with all the Expreſſions of Court Sincerity.

PORTSMOUTH, Auguſt 9.

Laſt Sunday Morning departed this Life, in the 75th Year of his Age, the Honorable THOMAS WALLINGSFORD, Eſq; of Somerſworth, for many Years paſt one of the Judges of his Majeſty's Superior Court for this Province.

We hear from Haverhill, that laſt Monday one Barnabas Bradbury, being diſorder'd in his Senſes, cut his Throat with a Razor, in ſuch a terrible Manner, that he died ſoon after.

BOSTON, Auguſt 12.

On Monday 4 o'Clock, P.M. died Mrs. SARAH GILL, aged 43 Years, Conſort of Mr. MOSES GILL, Merchant, and Daughter of the late Reverend and learned Mr. THOMAS PRINCE.—Thoſe who did not know her will not be able to judge of her real Character were it drawn.—Thoſe who were acquainted with her have it already in their own Minds; agreeable to the Opinion they formed of her while living: It is enough to ſay ſhe will live in the Hearts of her moſt intimate Friends, as long as they have Memory to reflect, or Affection to flow. Her Remains were on Wedneſday following attended to the Grave with every Mark of Reſpect.

Tueſday died very ſuddenly, Mrs. Elizabeth Simpkins, Conſort of Mr. John Simpkins, Upholſterer, and only Daughter of Samuel Grant, Eſq;

Tueſday laſt, (3) by Farenheit's Thermometer, was the hotteſt day we have had for twenty two years paſt. except one, the Mercury at noon roſe to 91 degrees; the day before it was at 50.

Same Day one Alexander MacDonald, a Labourer, having drank too freely of cold Water,

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(1) The Governor of North-Carolina collects the provincial and county taxes, and other public dues.

♀ It ſhould be Ravillac — who Stabb'd Henry 4. of France. ‖ Both Friends to deſpotic meaſures. ∨ Ligonier. ♀ vid page 762. Vol. 2. & vid. pa. 519. * vid. pa. 543. 573. 519. (1) vid. pa. 512. ¶ Vid. Firſt Time mentioned in the papers, pa. 177. Vol. 2. — vid. pa. 474. (2) pa. 514 (3) pa. 514. (4) pa. 474 (5) pa. 474 (6) Hutchinſon. (7) pa. 519. (8) pa. 124. Vol. 4.

died instantly.—One or two other Persons the same Day narrowly escaped Death, by drinking freely of Water.

One Michael Hogen, who kept a Pedlars Shop at the South End, died the same Day, occasioned not by drinking cold Water, but by the Heat.

A transient Woman in Cambridge, died with the Heat.

Last Wednesday evening Mr. David West, dropped down in Middle-street, and bruised his head considerably; he was suddenly seized with a cold trembling fit, with faintness. We hear he is likely to do well.

Yesterday Morning died here, Mrs. ANNIS PULLING, Consort of Captain JOHN PULLING, and Daughter of Col. LEE of Manchester.

Last Wednesday Morning, one Mr. Willard, at Braintree, being delirious (and his Watchers going to Sleep) he untied himself, and got out of Doors, took an Ax which he found, and Struck himself on his Head, but it happened to slide off on one side, and did not hurt him very much; afterwards he held the Edge of it upwards, knocked his Neck on it, and jam'd, & cut it terribly. He says the *Devil* told him to eat an Apple, which he did, by which Time the People happened to find him, or 'tis tho't he would have kill'd himself. He said that Mr. *Devil* shall not serve him so again.

Tuesday last sailed from hence for London, Capt. Cazneau: In whom went Passengers Gilbert Harrison, Esq; of that City, Merchant, and two or three other Gentlemen, from Virginia.

Capt. Dixcey arrived at Marblehead from Lisbon, on the 30th June, in Lat 39. 18. Long. 38, 20. was on board Captains Thomas Lothrop and Thomas Allen; the former had 60 Barrels of Oyl, and Allen 130, and had then just took a very large Spermaceti Whale in Company, which they estimated at 600 Dollars.

We hear the Halifax armed Schooner was to sail about the Beginning of June from England for this Place with Dispatches for Com. Gambier.

By the late Vessels from Cape Nichola Mole, we learn that on the 9th of July they had at Port au Prince, on Hispaniola, another severe Shock of an Earthquake, which destroyed the few remaining old Houses, together with such new ones as had been lately erected.—No Lives were lost at this Time, as a small Shock preceded the large one, the Inhabitants removed from their Houses at first to some Distance.

We hear from Wallingford in Connecticut, That on the 2d Instant, they had a most severe Thunder Storm. The Clouds seem'd to come from the S. W. & N. E. which was supposed to occasion as hard a Storm as was ever known in that Town. The Steeple of the old Meeting House was struck, and very much shattered; it struck down the Weather Cock, and tore a great Hole in the Roof of the Steeple, and then run down the North Part of the Steeple. Messrs. Nott's, Hezekiah Johnson's and Isaac's Houses were struck; and Mrs. Merriman's Negro, but not much hurt. The Houses of Mr. Nott and Mr. Johnson are about 4 Miles distant, N. E. & S. W.—This is the third Time the said Steeple & Weather-Cock has received the like Catastrophe. The first Time a young Man when finishing the same, was by the Explosition thrown off about 86 Feet, and lived about three Quarters of an Hour in most exquisite Anguish of Body, and then expired.

We are assured that a Gentleman of Sense, Character and Fortune, who in the Main was, till of late, always tho't to be a Supporter of the Liberties of Mankind, and the English Constitution; but unhappily for him now, from Family Connexions, whose worldly Interest prompted them zealously to support the present arbitrary System of Government had fallen into their Mode of Conversation and Writings, contrary to his Principles, and the Principles of Equity and Justice—And when lying on his Death-Bed, with great Grief and Agony of Mind, charged himself with, as he thought, the worst of Crimes! as by my Example, said he, I may have induced others also, to be instrumental, and contribute to the Loss of the most valuable of all Blessings, PUBLICK LIBERTY, and introduce in its Room ABJECT SLAVERY to my Country and Posterity, which I see is now inevitable, without the Interposition of Divine Providence; and I most fervently pray that my Friends may, as I now do sincerely, repent of so black, horrible and traiterous a Crime; and that God may change the Heart of wicked Rulers.——I say traiterous, because I suppose Government may be traiterous to a People, as well as a People to a King or Government; they may both in their Turns depart from Justice, and their reciprocal and most solemn Engagements——Levity and Luxury, a Death-Bed Repentance tells me, are destructive to natural and political Bodies, and the Passions too often sacrifice every Thing to those darling Passions so prevalent at this Day with the Tasty and Polite.

An Act passed last Session of Parliament, for granting a Bounty upon the Importation of White-Oak Staves and Heading into the Ports of London, Southampton, Poole, Exeter, Plymouth, Bristol, Liverpoole, Whitehaven, Glasgow, Leith, Hull, Newcastle and Yarmouth, or either of them, directly from any of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, after the 1st Day of January 1772, viz.

Pipe Staves, 1200 to the Thousand; 5½ Feet long, 4½ to 6 Inches wide, and 1½ Inch thick on the thinest Edge.

Hogshead Staves, 1200 to the Thousand; 4½ Feet long, 4½ to 6 Inches wide, and 1½ Inch thick on the thinest Edge.

Barrel Staves, 2400 to the Thousand; 3 Feet 6 to 3 Feet 8 Inches long, 4 to 5 Inches wide, and 1½ Inch thick on the thinest Edge.

Headings 3600 Pieces to the Thousand: Pipe 2 Feet 8 Inches long, Hogshead 2 Feet 4 Inches, and Barrel 2 Feet 1 Inch long; each Piece 5 to 6 Inches wide, and 2 Inches thick on the thinest Edge.

Bounty, Six Pounds per Thousand for three Years; to commence the First of next Year. Four Pounds per Thousand for three Years after that; and Two Pounds per Thousand for three Years after that. All to be Six-Score to the Hundred.

The foundation for the new Baptist church being finished, wednesday the workmen began to raise the building. The Rev. Mr. Stillman was present, in the morning, and made an occasional prayer.

We are informed that Governor Martin is safely arrived at Newbern, in North-Carolina from New-York.

We hear from Wesford, that on the 3d Inst. about 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the meeting house in that town was struck with lightning and greatly damaged.

Five Thousand Regular Troops have arrived at Martinico, between the 1st of April and the 12th of June last, many of which have died.

Friday last one John Willson was committed to Goal here on strong Suspicion of his having the Wednesday Evening before Murdered one David Murray of this Town, a Journeyman Shoemaker. *vid. pa. 561.*

Friday last the Tamar, arrived here from Plymouth in England. She left Admiral Montagu about 10 Leagues from the Madeiras, so that he may be soon expected.

In our last, we mentioned the Death of Mrs. Trumball, Wife of Mr. James Trumball, jun. of Charlestown; it should have been Wife of Mr. William Trumball. She died very suddenly, in the 21st Year of her Age.

A Caution for Women not to meddle with Powder.

The Week before last, a Woman at Newbury went to strike Fire with Powder and Tow, and not knowing the Effect of Powder, it burnt her Eyebrows and Eyelids, and besmear'd her Face all over, so that she has been under the Care of two Doctors ever since, but is likely to do well.

We hear from Needham, That a few Weeks ago thirty Hogs were bit by a Mad-Dog in one Night.

From the LONDON MAGAZINE.

The following was communicated by Mr. BALDWIN, Surgeon, *at* Farrindon, *in* Berks.

TALKING of canine madness, the other day, an ingenious person in company related this fact. A woman, bit by a mad dog, and who had the dreadful hydrophobia upon her, was doomed, according to the old custom, to be smothered; but at the time her executioners appeared, she happened to have a small interval of reason, and made such efforts to escape, that she got out of their hands to the stairs-head; when, her foot slipping, she fell, and cut through the temporal artery, which bleeding freely, her friends did not attempt to stop it, concluding it would save them their painful office, as in the end it did; for the woman, almost exhausted, gave evident signs of a recovery from the dreadful distemper, and actually survived it.

On *Tuesday* next,

At TEN o'Clock in the Morning.

Will be sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Auction-Room in Queen-Street,

A variety of genteel House Furniture, viz. Chest of Draws, Bureau, a neat Desk, Looking Glasses, Chairs, Table, a Quantity of China and Glass Ware, a new Chaise and Harness, a likely healthy Negro Boy of 14 Years of Age, that has many Qualifications and will have a good Recommendation, a neat Gold Watch, a Case Silver handled Knives and Forks, a Silver Cream Pot and Tea Tongs, a Silver Whistle with Red Coral, Kitchen Furniture, &c.

J. RUSSELL, Auctioneer.

Tuesday Morning at Ten o'Clock.

John Cushing,

Acquaints his Friends, and all who please to favor him with their Custom,

THAT he has remov'd from the Sugar House in Back-Street, lately improved by him and Company, to the Sugar-House (formerly improv'd by Mr. James Smith, deceas'd,) in Brattle Street, near Dr. Cooper's Meeting-House, just above Dock-Square, where he will carry on the Sugar-refining Business as usual, and hopes he has given such Satisfaction to those he has Traded with, as to induce them to continue their Custom, and they may still depend on his best Endeavours to serve them. He has now ready for Sale, Double, & Single Refined Loaf, Lump and Brown refin'd Sugars and Molosses.—Also new Flour, at the lowest Rates for Cash.

All Persons indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Estate of Mr. David Gleason, late of Boston, Trader, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts in Order for a Settlement, to the Subscriber,

JOHN HOMER, Administrator.

TO BE SOLD

By Benjamin Church,

On THURSDAY next

At his usual Place of Sale;

A Valuable Assortment of Articles, viz.

FINE Chinces, Callicoes, Cambricks, Muslins, Lawns, Irish and British Linnens, Checks, Bedticken, Silk Ginghams, Moreens, Sewing Silk of different Colours, Broad Cloths, Sagathees, Forrest Cloths, Mens Hose, Handkerchiefs, &c. Some House Furniture, Wearing Apparel, Silver Watches, &c. &c. Likewise a good Eight-Day Clock.

Lent or Lost about three Months ago, a Blue Roquelo, above half worn, has a Hole under the Cape. Whoever has the same in Possession, and will return it to the Printers hereof, so that the Owner may have it again, shall be well rewarded for their Trouble.

Lost last Thursday Evening, in Queen-Street, a Pair Womens Silk Mitts. The Owner desires the Person who took up the same to leave them with Edes and Gill.

To be Lett on good Security,

£.120 or £.150 Sterling.

For further Particulars, Inquire of Edes and Gill.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,

And sold by EZEKIEL RUSSELL, *near Dr. Gardner's, and opposite the Founder's Arms in Marlboro' Street,*

(Price Half a Pistareen.)

Brief REMARKS on the Satyrical Drollery at Cambridge, last Commencement Day; with special Reference to the Character of STEPHEN, THE PREACHER, which raised such extravagant Mirth.

By A. CROSWELL, V. D. M. in Boston.

TO BE LETT,

A convenient Brick Dwelling-House in good Repair, with a large Garden, Wood-House & Pump, situated in School-Street, near King's Chapel. Inquire of Edes & Gill.

Taken away on the Night of the 8th Instant from along Side a Sloop at Phillips's Wharf, a Moses Boat, about 22 Feet long, with a Piece of her Stern broke off, her Stern Revit in the Way of her Sculling Hole, and no Cieling in the Bottom, but only two Strips each Side the Keel Piece.——Whoever shall take her up, and bring her to Mr. Benjamin Phillips, or to Jacob Weston (the Owner) shall be well rewarded.

Taken away, supposed through Mistake on Saturday the 29th ult. from the King's Arms Tavern on Boston Neck, a Pocket Spy-Glass. Whoever has it in Possession, is desired to return it as above, or to the Printers, and they will greatly oblige the Owner thereof.

All Persons indebted to Isaac Pierce, Jun. Block and Pump Maker, deceas'd, are desir'd to bring in their Accounts to Isaac Pierce, Distiller, at New-Boston, in Order for a Settlement.—Said Pierce has to sell, a compleat Sett of Pump Tools, and two Cross-cut Saws, London-make, and other Tools made here, Augres, Chizzels, Goughes, &c. the whole almost new. Also, a large Parcel of Blocks of all Sizes. The whole suitable for a young Beginner, and will be sold on a reasonable Lay. Also two Tons Lignum Vitæ.

This and To-Morrow Evening,

Will be Sold by Publick Vendue, at the Auction-Room North Side of the Market.

A Variety of Goods, Viz.

LINNENS, *Lawns, Checks, silk, cotton and linnen Handkerchiefs, Stockings, Breeches Patterns, Bed Ticken, worsted Mitts, Callicoes and printed Linnens, Cambrigs, Silver Watches, &c. Also Feather Beds, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, a Case of Drawers, &c. &c. &c. This and To-Morrow Evening.*

A. Bowman, Auctioneer.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, BOSTON.

ENTERED IN.

Somes from Halifax; Kimbal, South-Carolina; Alden, North-Carolina; Rogers, Philadelphia; Jenkins. Virginia; Jarvis, Nova-Scotia; Davis; Steel and Smith, Cape-Nichola; and Bunbury, St. Martins.

CLEARED OUT.

Phillips for Jamaica; Brown, West-Indies; White, New-Haven; and Savage, New-Providence.

OUTWARD BOUND.

Paine for Maryland; Snow, Leavit, Atwood & Gardner, Nova Scotia; Simpson, Virginia; Atwood, Newf. Dowgick & Higgins, New-London; Bulkley, New-Haven; Scott, West-Indies; Babson, Malaga; White, London; and Weston, Liverpool.

Burials in the Town of BOSTON, since our last,

Eleven Whites. One Black.

Baptiz'd in the several Churches, Five.

High Water at BOSTON *for this present Week.*

Monday,	8 min. after	1	Friday,	22 m. aft.	4
Tuesday,	0 min. after	2	Saturday,	7 m. aft.	5
Wednesday,	54 m. aft.	2	Lord's Day,	40 m. aft.	6
Thursday,	38 min. af.	3	First Qr. 17 D. 3 Mor.		

Boston, August 5th, 1771.

Whereas the Copartnership of

Nathaniel Holmes and John Cushing, jun. in the Sugar-Baking Business, is mutually dissolved this Day—This is to give Notice to all Persons who have any Demands on said Company, to apply to either of them for Payment—And those who are indebted to said Company, are desired to pay as aforesaid.

HOLMES and CUSHING.

N. B. Said Holmes carries on the Business, at the same Place, where single and double-refin'd, Lump and Brown Sugar may be had at the lowest Cash Price, by Wholesale or Retail.

‡‡‡ Cash given for good Brown Sugar.

To be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE at the House of Captain *William Buckminster*, Innholder in Rutland District, on WEDNESDAY the Eleventh Day of September next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon.

A FARM in said District,

about a Mile and a Half from the Meeting House, containing about Ninety Five Acres, consisting of good Interval, Mowing, Pasturing and Plow Land; with a small Dwelling House, a good Barn, a Grist-Mill, Saw-Mill and Malt-House. One Hundred Pounds paid down, and good Security for the rest will answer for the Payment.——Said Farm is in the Possession of the Widow *Rachel Boyden*. *Rutland District, July 1, 1771.*

THE Commissioners appointed by the honorable Foster Hutchinson, Esq; judge of Probates, &c. for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of John Aish, late of Boston, Cordwainer, deceased, represented Insolvent, GIVE NOTICE, That they shall attend that Service, at the House of Mr. William Boies, near the Market, on the third Wednesday in the six following Months, from Six to Nine o'Clock, P. M. July 27, 1771.

All those Persons that are still in-

debted to the late Company of *Pool* and *Clarke*, and to the Estate of *Fitch Pool*, deceased, are for the last Time advised, That unless they make immediate Payment to *Timothy Newell*, that their Accounts will be put into an Attorney's Hands without distinction, to be sued at October Court.

All Persons indebted to, or that

have any Demands on the Estate of Mr. *James Mears*, late of Roxbury, Currier, deceased, are desired to settle the same with *James Mears* or *Caleb Hayward*, Executors to said Estate.

All Persons who have any de-

mands on the Estate of Samuel Kent, late of Charlestown, Gentleman, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts to Joseph Adams, junr. of Cambridge Administrator on said Estate, in Order for Settlement.—And those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make speedy Payment to said Administrator.

George Erving,

Intending shortly for Great-Britain, Desires all to whom he is indebted to call and receive their respective Dues, and those who are indebted to him to make Payment; Those particularly, whose Debts have been long standing, are requested to make very speedy Payment, otherwise they may expect Trouble and Expence. Boston, August 3, 1771.

LOST a few Week since, a promissary Note of Hand; as it cannot be of Value to any but the Promissee, it is earnestly requested that (if found) it may be return'd to the Printers, and half a Guinea shall be given, if desired, for the Trouble of stooping and taking it up.

The Intelligence-Office is remov-

ed from the Store opposite to the Golden Ball to a Store on the South Side of the Town Dock, just above the Swing-Bridge, where it is now kept by

Grant Webster,

Who has for Sale, West-India and New-England Rum, Madeira and other Wines, Flour, Rice, Indigo, &c. Vessels of several Sorts, several good Farms, Male and Female Negroes, new and second-hand Chaises, two convenient Houses near the Center of the Town, and sundry other Articles cheap for Cash.

N. B. Goods of any Sort are taken in and sold, and any kind of Brokerage done at said Office on reasonable Commissions. Cash given for Bottles.

£.300 Sterl. to be Let at said Office on agreeable Security.

Charlestown, July 29, 1771.

ROBERT Potter, of Charlestown, Shopkeeper, Notifies all his Creditors, That he intends to present a Petition to the General Assembly of the Colony of Rhode-Island, to set at East-Greenwich on the third Monday of August next, to have the Benefit of the Insolvent Act granted to him, so they may appear to shew Cause, if any they have, why said Act should not be extended to him.

Whereas sundry Persons make

it a Practice to come over to this Island in Order to Game; by which Means I have suffered greatly for a Number of Years past by their driving and hunting the Stock, with Dogs, and oftentimes by their shooting and killing Sheep, &c. and by putting my Family in Danger of their Lives:—These are therefore to forbid all Persons from Gunning on said Island, as I am determined to follow the Steps of the Law against all Offenders for the future.

Noddle-Island, Aug. 1, 1771. } Henry Howell Williams.

TO BE SOLD BY

Barnabas Webb,

GOLDSMITH;

At his Shop in Cornhill, lately occupied by Mr. *Richard Sutton*,

All Sorts of Groceries and Crock-

ery Ware; and a small Assortment of English Goods. Likewise, all Sorts of Goldsmith's and Jeweller's Work, at the very lowest Rate.

Joseph Coolidge, jun.

Jeweller,

Has just receiv'd from London, a fine Assortment of Jewellery, which he will sell as cheap as can be bo't any where in Town, at his Shop leading to the Market, and directly opposite Mr. William Greenleaf's. *Amongst which are*,

A Variety of Paste, Enamel'd,

Pearl, Garnet and Black Earings, neatly sett with Marquasetts, Necklaces, Solitaires, Sprigs and Pens sett with Marquasets, Marquaseets for Ladies Velvet Collars, Paste Hair Combs, Shoe, Knee and Stock Buckles, Rings, Broaches, Lockets, Watch Trinkets of all kinds, Seals, Chrystal, Paste, Enamel'd, Pearl, Gilt, Moco, Pebble and Cornelian Sleeve Buttons, Mock Garnet Earings.——Also, Plated Shoe, Knee and Stock Buckles, Plated Spurs, Watch Chains, Keys and Hooks, Morocco and Leather Pocket Books, Ivory Memorandum ditto, Pinchbeck Shoe, Knee and Stock Buckles, Tortoishell Hair Combs, Tweesers, Money Scales and Weights, Buckle Brushes, with many other Articles.

Goldsmiths and Jewellers may be sup-

ply'd with all Kinds of Chrystal, Chapes, and Tongues, White and Red Paste, Coral Beads, Crucibles, Files, Borax, Binding Wire, Sand Paper, Flower Emery, Moulding Sand, and all Kinds of Goldsmith's and Jeweller's Ware, made and sold at said Shop, where those who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on being well used.

N. B. Cash given for old Gold and Silver Lace, Plate and Jewells.

JUST IMPORTED, AND TO BE SOLD BY

Samuel Fletcher,

Wholesale or Retail, very cheap for Cash,

A very fine assortment of callicoes, printed furniture ditto, superfine black broad cloth, chocolate, mixt and other broad cloths, with all trimmings, coloured jeans, 7-8 and yard wide cotton checks, german serges, Russia, Ravens and English duck, shott, a fine assortment of durants, tammies, callimancoes, harrateens, fortestings, a large assortment paper hangings. Also a compleat assortment of mens cotton, thread and worsted Hose, dowlass, ticklenburgs, and a fine assortment of Irish linnens of all widths, cotton velvets, 4 thread patterns, English and India taffaty, black velvet, cambricks of all prices, pins No. 4, 10 & 12, glass and china ware, silk handkerchiefs, buttons and twist of all sorts, cutlary ware, sewing silks all colours in half pound papers, buckrams, cordives per cask, cotton romals, and a great variety of other English goods, by large or small quantities, too many to enumerate in this Advertisement.

Thomas Lee,

HAS imported a Variety of most FASHIONABLE SILKS, as Brocades, Damasks, Mantuas, &c. &c. Brussels Lace, Gold & Silver Lace, ditto Buttons, which, having bo't himself in London, on the best Terms, will be sold exceeding reasonable, at his Store, opposite the Market-House, near the Swing-Bridge,—Where he has a great and full Assortment of ENGLISH, INDIA, SCOTCH and IRISH GOODS, purchas'd with every Advantage, and will therefore be sold at the lowest Advance, for Cash or short Credit.—Also—Cutlery and Hard Ware, Powder, Shott, Bar Lead, Nails, Glass, Russia Duck, Paper Hangings, Verdigrease, &c.

A small Quantity of very good

Bay Mahogany, to be Sold cheap for Cash, by Daniel Martin, on Hancock's Wharff.

Choice SALT,

JUST Imported, and to be Sold on Board the Sloop Minerva, James Littlefield, from St. Martins. Inquire of THOMAS STODDARD and Company, at their Store North Side of the Town-Dock.

To be Sold cheap for Cash,

An End of a House, which consists

of a Lower Room, Chamber, Garret, Cellar, &c. adjoining to the Green Dragon Tavern, all in good Repair. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE LETT,

A Commodious Dwelling-House,

situate at New-Boston. Enquire of Edes & Gill.

A new genteel CHAISE,

with Harness compleat, to be Sold very cheap for Cash, or English Goods, as may best suit the Purchaser. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

RHUBARB.

A small Quantity of very excellent RHUBARB, to be sold by the Dozen, Half Dozen, or single Pound, at a very low Price for Cash, by

Thomas Brown, in Back-Street,

a little Northward of the Mill-Bridge, in Boston.

Colony of Rhode-Island, &c. Newport, July 26 1771.

IN Pursuance of an Order of the General Assembly, the Creditors of John Easterbrook of Bristol, in the Colony aforesaid, Labourer, are hereby Notified to appear, if they shall think fit, at the Session of the said General Assembly, to be holden at East Greenwich, on the third Monday in August next, then and there to shew Cause, if any they have, why his Petition for the Benefit of an Act passed for the Relief of insolvent Debtors in June, A. D. 1756 should not be granted.

HENRY WARD, Secty.

THE Commissioners appointed by the honorable Foster Hutchinson, Esq; Judge of Probates for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of Capt. John Cullam, late of Boston, deceased, represented Insolvent—GIVE NOTICE, that they shall attend that Service at the British Coffee House in Boston, on the first Thursday of the Six following Months, from Six to Nine o'Clock P. M.

Boston, July 29, 1771.

IMPORTED in the last Vessels from LONDON, and to be Sold Cheap for Cash or short Credit,

By Henry Leddel,

At his Store adjoining to *John Erving*, jun. Esq'rs; in Kilby Street.

SUperfine Broad Cloths, Ratteens—Flannels—Shalloons, Callimancoes, Tammies, Camblets, half ell & half yard Lattings, ¾ & yard wide Irish Linens, Irish Sheeting, ¾ & yard wide and 6-4ths, Checks, brown & Cotton Hollands, Jeans, white Russia Drab, Dowlass, Callicoes, Clouting Diaper, Cambricks, Lawns, Ginghams, black Persians, Taffaties—spotted and bordered Bandanoes, Cotton & French Romalls, best Ballandine Silk, Ribbons, Womens unglazed Lamb Gloves,—Silk Gloves & Mitts—Goose, Duck and Pigeon, Shot, German and English Steel, Powder in quarter and half Barrels, best London Nails and Crown Glass, Spices, Pepper by the Bag or smaller Quantity.——Men and Women's London-made Saddles.—An Assortment of Sadlery Ware.—Cod-Lines, Twine, Anchors, &c.

coloured & other Threads, Pins, wax Necklaces, Fans, Gimp & Snail Lace, Silk & hair & scarf Twist, Needle work & wove Buttons, Ferrets, Qualities, Tapes, Silk knee Garters, Silk thread & cotton Laces, writing Paper, sealing Wax, Wafers, Mens thread and worsted Hose, Breeches Patterns, Buckrams, Mens & Boys Felt Hatts, Kilmarnock Caps, Pelong and other Sattins, Looking Glasses, Card Leaves, Russia and Ravens Duck, Oznabrigs & Ticklingburgs, Sieve Bottoms, A Variety of hard Ware.—

All Persons indebted to, or that

have any Demands upon the Estate of Caleb Parker, late of Boston, Blacksmith deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts to Jedidiah Parker, sole Executor to said Estate, in Order for Settlement.

UMBRILLOES.

MADE and Sold by ISAAC GREENWOOD, Turner, at his Shop in Fore-Street, next Door to Dr. Clark's, North End, Boston—Where Ladies may be supplied with all Sizes, so small as to suit Misses of 6 or 7 Years of Age, and as low as 8s. L. M. a Piece. Has also Oyl Cloth and neat printed ditto for Men. He makes Tea Boards, Sarvers, Walking Sticks, Fifes, and many other Things in the Turner's Way.—N. B. Said GREENWOOD mends and covers old Umbrilloes, and sells new Sticks for ditto.

Ran-away from his Master,

JONATHAN GREEN of Chelsea on the 27th Instant, a thick well-set Negro Man named Cesar, about 24 Years of Age, speaks very good English:—Had on when he went away, a blue Coat, brown Jacket, and dark Claret colour'd Breeches, blue Yarn Stockings feem'd, and old Shoes, a white Linnen Shirt, and old Caster Hat.—He was seen at Cambridge on Commencement Day, and the two following Days.—Whoever shall take up said Run-away, and bring him to his Master in Chelsea aforesaid, shall have Three Dollars Reward, and all necessary Charges paid by JONATHAN GREEN.

All Masters of Vessels and others, are hereby cautioned against harbouring, concealing or carrying off said Servant, on Penalty of the Law.

Chelsea, July 26, 1771.

A Supply of GRAVEL to be

had, at *Two Shillings* a Load, apply to

JACOB BULKNAM.

Boston, Printed by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street.* 1771.

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